# MySQL Shell Tutorial

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## Introduction

This tutorial introduces you to the use of the MySQL Shell, a command-line based way to communicate with a MySQL database. You will use Shell to query the Schools database named **aproposl\_school** located on a MySQL database management server (DBMS) running on a remote web hosting site.

# Installation

Go to <u>https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/</u> to download and install MySQL Shell. If you would rather run the MySQL DBMS locally, then also download and install the MySQL Community Server, which is the free version of the DBMS.

# Start the MySQL Shell

To start the MySQL Shell on MacOS, open a Terminal window and enter the command **mysqlsh**. You will then get a few startup messages, including the Shell version, and the prompt for your initial command (Figure 1).

```
~: mysqlsh
MySQL Shell 8.0.19
Copyright (c) 2016, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates.
Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.
Type '\help' or '\?' for help; '\quit' to exit.
MySQL JS
```

#### Figure 1. MySQL Shell startup and the initial prompt for a command on MacOS.

To start the MySQL Shell in Windows 10, first click the Windows icon in the lower left corner of your screen, scroll to **MySQL**, drop down the menu, and click on **MySQL Shell**. A Shell window will open and prompt for your initial command (Figure 2).

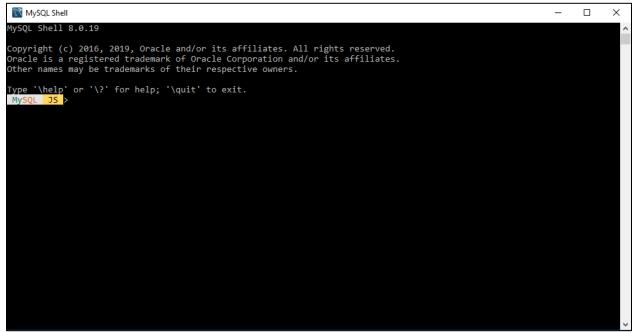


Figure 2. MySQL Shell window and the initial prompt for a command in Windows 10.

## Connect to the Remote Database

Connect to the remote database manager using user **aproposl\_school** at the server **aproposlogic.com** on port **3306** (the default port that MySQL listens to) with the Shell command

### \connect aproposl school@apropos-logic.com:3306

Use the password school :

MySQL JS connect aproposl\_school@apropos-logic.com:3306 Creating a session to 'aproposl\_school@apropos-logic.com:3306' Please provide the password for 'aproposl\_school@apropos-logic.com:3306': Save password for 'aproposl\_school@apropos-logic.com:3306'? [Y]es/[N]o/Ne[v]er (default No): Y Fetching schema names for autocompletion... Press ^C to stop. Your MySQL connection id is 67784521 Server version: 5.6.40-84.0-log Percona Server (GPL), Release 84.0, Revision 47234b3 No default schema selected; type \use <schema> to set one.

## Enter SQL commands

Switch to SQL command mode with the command \sql :

MySQL	ар	rop	os-]	Logic.co	om:3306	JS	\sql	
Switchi	ng	to	SQL	mode	Comman	ds e	nd with	;

The **show databases** command verifies that the database, also named **aproposl\_school**, exists on the database manager.

MySQL apropos-logic.com:3306	SQL	show	databases;
++   Database			
information_schema     aproposl_school			
++ 2 rows in set (0.1990 sec)			

Use the **aproposl\_school** database for subsequent commands:

MySQL	apropos	s-log	ic.com	:3306	SQL	use ap	roposl_sch	ool;					
Default	schema	set	to `ap:	roposl_	schoo	ol`.							
Fetchin	g table	and	column	names	from	`apropo	sl_school`	for	auto-completion	Press	^C	to	stop.

Verify the existence of the database tables:

My <mark>SQL</mark> apropos-logic	.com:3306 ssl	aproposl_	_school	SQL	show	tables;	
+	+						
Tables_in_aproposl_school							
+	+						
Address	1						
Class	1						
Student	Î.						
Takes	İ						
Teacher	İ						
+	·+						
5 rows in set (0.0828	sec)						

## See the data in the tables:

My <mark>SQL</mark>	apropos-lo	ogic.com:3	306 ssl	apropo	sl_school	SQL	select	*	from	Student;
id	last   '	first   e	mail_addı	ress						
1001   1005   1009   1014   1021 + 5 rows	Novak   <sup>-</sup>   Klein       Jane   M   Smith     ++ in set (0.0	John   Tim   Leslie   Mary   Kim   + 0750 sec) ogic.com:3	204 ccl	3   4   5   1   2	s] school	102	coloct	4	from	Teacher;
+	last	-+   first	+   email_a		-+	OQL	001000		12011	, energy
+   7003   7008   7012   7051 +	3   Rogers   Pat 8   Thompson   Sidney 2   Lane   John		6   / 7   8   9							
4 rows	in set (0.0	0708 sec)								

MySQL	apropos-]	Logic	.com:3306 ss	sl ap	proposl_	school	SQL	select	*	from	Address;
id	email_addı	ress									
2     3	mary.jane( kim.smith( john.doe@s	ostate.	e.edu edu	+   							
	tim.novak@ leslie.kle										
6	pat.rogers	estat	e.edu	ĺ							
8	john.lane( mabel.flyr	state									
	in set (0.										1012
MySQL	apropos-1	Logic.	.com:3306 ss	sl ap	proposl_	_school	SQL	select	*	from	Class;
code	teacher_	_id	subject		room						
908		008	English	ļ	114						
914   926		951   903	Math Art		115 101						
931	2.	951	Social Stud	line	222						
951	12 Contract 10 Con	912	History	105	210						
	in set (0.					H					
MySQL	apropos-1	logic	.com:3306 ss	sl ap	proposl_	_school	SQL	select	*	from	Takes;
stude	nt_id   c]	Lass_c	code								
l	1001		908								
1	1001		926								
	1001		951								
	1005		908								
l l	1005		914   926								
	1005   1014		926   914								
	1014		931								
	1021		926								
li	1021		931								
li	1021		951								
11 rows	in set (0	0.0693	+ 3 sec)								

IySQL a	apropos-1	Logic.com:3306 ssl	aproposl_school SQL SELECT Student.first, Student.last, subject
			FROM Student, Teacher, Class, Takes
			WHERE Teacher.first = 'Mabel' AND Teacher.last = 'Flynr
			AND teacher_id = Teacher.id
			AND student_id = Student.id
			AND code = class code
			THE COUC - CIUCO_COUC
			ORDER BY subject, Student.last;
	+	·+	
first	last	subject	
first	last	subject	
	+   last +   Jane	subject   Math	
Mary	+	++	
first Mary Tim Mary	   Jane	Math	

Now you can do arbitrary queries and table joins, such as, "Who are John Lane's students?"

To quit the MySQL Shell, enter \quit:

MySQL	apropos-logic.com:3306	aproposl_school	SQL \qu	it
Bye!				
~:				

MySQL Shell documentation: https://dev.mysql.com/doc/mysql-shell/8.0/en/

Google "SQL tutorial" for good tutorials (text and videos) on the web!