San José State University Department of Computer Engineering

# CMPE 142 Operating Systems

Spring 2021 Instructor: Ron Mak

# Assignment #3

Assigned: Friday, February 12 Due: Friday, February 26 at 11:30 AM Team assignment, 100 points max

# **Process scheduling algorithms**

This assignment will give you experience with process scheduling algorithms. Write a C or C++ program that performs runs of the following process scheduling algorithms:

- 1. First-come first-served (FCFS) [nonpreemptive]
- 2. Shortest job first (SJF) [nonpreemptive]
- 3. Shortest remaining time (SRT) [preemptive]
- 4. Round robin (RR) [preemptive]
- 5. Highest priority first (HPF) [nonpreemptive] with 4 priority levels
- 6. Highest priority first (HPF) [preemptive] with 4 priority levels

Run each scheduling algorithm for 100 quanta (time slices), labeled 0 through 99. Before each run of an algorithm, create 20 **simulated processes**. Each simulated process is simply a small data structure that stores information about the process that it represents.

For each simulated process, randomly generate:

- An **arrival time**: a float value from quanta 0 through 99.
- An **expected total run time**: a float value from 0.1 through 10 quanta.
- A **priority**: integer 1, 2, 3, or 4 (1 is highest)
- Include any other attributes that you may need.

**Tip:** While debugging your program, you may want the same pseudo-random numbers each time. For this to happen, you should set the <u>seed</u> of the random number generator to a value, such as 0. Read about the **rand()** and **srand()** functions for C and C++:

- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/rand-and-srand-in-ccpp/
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/generating-random-number-range-c/

Assume only <u>one CPU</u> and <u>one ready queue</u>. Sort the simulated processes in the ready queue by arrival time. Your process scheduler can do process switching only at the <u>start</u> of each time quantum. For this assignment, only consider CPU time for each process (no I/O wait times, no process switching overhead).

For RR, use a time slice of 1 quantum.

For HPF, use 4 priority queues. For preemptive scheduling, use RR with a time slice of 1 quantum for each priority queue. For non-preemptive scheduling, use FCFS. For both preemptive and non-preemptive schedule, add **aging** to help prevent starvation. After a process has waited for 5 quanta at a priority level, bump it up to the next higher level.

Each simulation run should last until the <u>completion</u> of the last process, even if it goes beyond 100 quanta. No process should get the CPU for the first time after time quantum 99.

Run each algorithm <u>5 times</u> to get averages for the statistics below. Before each run, clear the process queue and create a new set of simulated processes.

# Outputs for each algorithm run (total 30 runs)

Your output should include:

- The sorted contents of the ready queue before the start of the run.
  - Each created process's name (such as A, B, C, ...), arrival time, expected run time, and priority.
- A **timeline** of the 100+ quanta that shows which process ran during each quantum, such as ABCDABCD ...
  - Show a process's name in a quantum even if it completed execution before the end of that quantum.
  - The CPU can be idle during the last part of a quantum if a process completes before the end of the quantum. (No need to show the idle time within a quantum.)
  - Show a hyphen if a quantum is completely unused.
- Calculated statistics for each algorithm run:
  - Average turnaround time for the processes that ran.
  - Average waiting time for the processes that ran.
  - How many processes in the ready queue that never ran.
  - Throughput of the algorithm per 100 quanta:

number of completed processes  $\times$  100 quanta

total quanta to complete the processes

#### Report

1 to 2 pages.

The average statistics over 5 runs for each scheduling algorithm.

Discuss which algorithm appears to be best for each of the calculated statistics.

# What to submit

Submit a zip file to Canvas, **Assignment #3: Process Scheduling Algorithms**, that contains:

- Your C or C++ source files.
- A text file containing output from your simulation runs.
- Your report as a PDF.

# Rubric

Your submission will be graded according to these criteria:

| Criteria  | Max points |
|---|------------|
| Algorithm runs  | 70         |
| Ready queue contents                                    | • 10       |
| Timeline of 100+ quanta                                 | • 20       |
| Average turnaround time                                 | • 10       |
| Average waiting time                                    | • 10       |
| How many processes never ran                            | • 10       |
| Throughput  | • 10       |
| Report  | 30         |
| • Average statistics for each algorithm over 5 runs.    | • 20       |
| • Discussion of which algorithm appears to be the best. | • 10       |