

A schedule S is a list of operation from a set T of transaction such that if σ_1^T appears before σ_2^T in S then σ_1^T appears before σ_2^T in T .

Ex] $T_1 = (R(A), W(A), R(B), W(B))$
 $T_2 = (R(B), W(B))$

then $S = (R_{T_1}(A), W_{T_1}(A), R_{T_2}(B), W_{T_2}(B), R_{T_1}(B), W_{T_1}(B))$

Serial schedule: a schedule in w/c there is no interleaving of operations b/w transactions.
 could be a schedule) complete or also

Serializability

A serializable schedule over a set of committed transactions is a schedule whose effect on any consistent DB is the same as some complete serial schedule.

