

Cook and Reckow [1] showed that if a propositional proof system has polynomial bounded size proofs of every tautology then $\text{NP} = \text{co-NP}$. The paper under review considers the Frege proof system with the three axioms: (1) Weakening: $a \rightarrow (b \rightarrow a)$, (2) Distributivity: $(a \rightarrow (b \rightarrow c)) \rightarrow ((a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow (a \rightarrow c))$, and (3) Double Negation: $\neg\neg a \rightarrow a$. A proof in this system consists of a finite sequence of formulas ϕ_1, \dots, ϕ_k which are either instances of one of these axioms or follow from earlier formulas in the sequence by modus ponens. The length of a proof is the length k of the sequence and the size of the proof is $\sum_{i=1}^k |\phi_i|$ where $|\phi_i|$ is the number of symbols in ϕ_i . The paper under review calls the system in which only instances of distributivity and modus ponens are allowed in proofs *distributivity logic*, and calls the system in which only instances of weakening, double negation, and ponens are allowed *weakening and double negation logic*. It is shown that if $\Gamma \vdash \phi$ is provable in distributivity logic then there is a proof of this fact of length $O((|\Gamma| + |\phi|)^3)$ and size $O((|\Gamma| + |\phi|)^4)$. Similarly, it is shown that if $\Gamma \vdash \phi$ is provable in weakening and double negation logic then there is a proof of this fact of length $O(|\Gamma| + |\phi|)$ and size $O((|\Gamma| + |\phi|)^2)$. These results say something about the strength of Frege systems. For instance, if ϕ is a tautology, consider the proof of this in the above Frege proof system. Let Γ be the set instances of weakening and double negation axioms used, then $\Gamma \vdash \phi$ in distributivity logic, and so we get an upper bound how many distributivity axioms were needed. If Γ' is the set of instances of the distributivity axioms used, then as $\Gamma' \vdash \phi$ in weakening and double negation logic, one gets a similar upper bound on how many weakening and double negation axioms are needed. It would be interesting to come up with tautologies for which a matching lower bound to the results in this paper could be obtained.

References

- [1] S. Cook and R. A. Reckow. The relative efficiency of propositional proof systems. *Journal of Symbolic Logic*. Vol. 44. pp. 36–50. 1979.