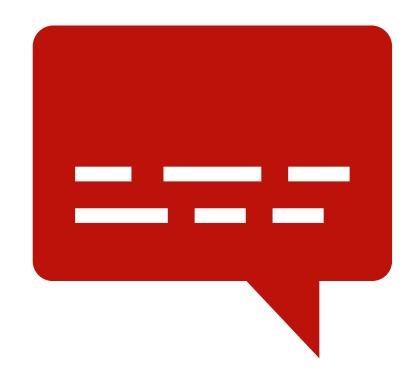


Best Practices for Legal Case Predictions

Overview of PEFT Task Types

PEFT optimizes large language models (LLMs) for specific tasks, including:

- Sequence Classification
- Token Classification
- Question Answering (QA)
- Text Generation
- Text-to-Text Tasks



Sequence Classification

- ... Description: Classifies sequences into predefined categories.
- ldeal for binary/multi-class predictions.
- Use Case in Legal Predictions: Predicting legal case outcomes (e.g., guilty/not guilty).
- Useful when analyzing case histories and predicting the court's decision.
- Why It's Best for Legal Predictions: Legal cases often involve a decision that can be classified.
- Allows Al to predict outcomes based on facts presented.

Token Classification



• Description:

- Assigns labels to individual tokens in a text.
- Commonly used for Named Entity Recognition (NER).

Use Case in Legal Predictions:

- Extracting key legal entities from documents (e.g., names, dates, case numbers).
- Useful for identifying relevant sections of legal texts or evidence.

- Enhances document processing by automating entity extraction.
- Simplifies analysis of large legal documents.

Question Answering (QA)



• Description:

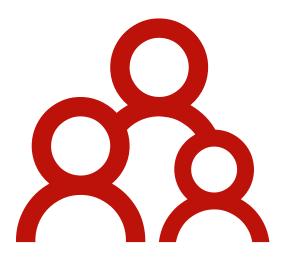
- Answers specific questions based on provided text.
- Ideal for extracting precise information from large corpora.

Use Case in Legal Predictions:

- Retrieving information from case laws, statutes, or legal documents.
- Can assist legal professionals by quickly answering caserelated questions.

- Improves efficiency in legal research by answering legal queries.
- Reduces manual effort in searching through documents.

Text Generation



Description:

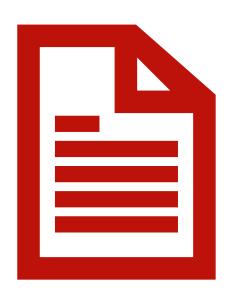
Generates coherent text based on a given input prompt.

Use Case in Legal Predictions:

- Automated generation of legal documents, summaries, and case briefs.
- Helps draft initial versions of legal arguments or responses.

- Saves time on document drafting.
- Ensures consistency in legal text generation.

Text-to-Text Tasks



• Description:

 Converts one form of text into another (e.g., summarization, translation).

Use Case in Legal Predictions:

- Summarizing legal briefs, cases, or judgments.
- Simplifies complex legal texts for easier analysis or presentation.

- Useful for creating concise versions of lengthy legal documents.
- Improves accessibility of legal content by summarizing technical language.

Best Task Type for Legal Case Predictions



• Best Fit: Sequence Classification

- Legal case predictions often require outcome classification (e.g., guilty/not guilty).
- Sequence classification models are highly effective in structuring and predicting case results based on historical data.

Conclusion

Sequence classification, combined with LoRA fine-tuning, is the best task type for accurate legal case predictions.